



Oenococcus oeni

Highly tolerant for limiting conditions & very low diacetyl production



As a producer of wine lactic acid bacteria, Lallemand developed a specific MBR $^{\text{m}}$ production process that subjects the wine bacteria cells to various biophysical stresses, making them able to withstand the rigors of direct addition to wine. The conditioned MBR $^{\text{m}}$ lactic acid bacteria that survive are robust and possess the ability to conduct reliable malolactic fermentation (MLF).

DESCRIPTION

LALVIN VP41[™] was isolated from nature, in a hot climate region in Italy region during an extensive European Union collaboration (CRAFT). LALVIN VP41[™] has unique performance and winemaking properties.

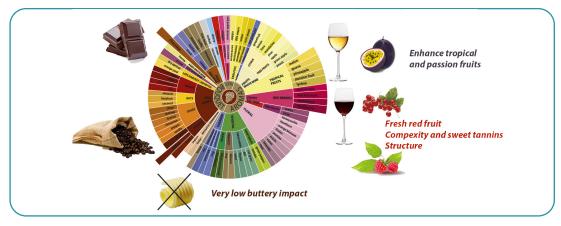
Produced with our MBR process[™], LALVIN VP41[™] is very active and competitive which helps to better start and achieve fast MLF and to better control wine quality.



BENEFITS & RESULTS

LALVIN VP41^m is a highly tolerant strain, which can perform MLF under the most difficult winemaking conditions such as very high alcohol or SO_2 content and low pH, with an easy-to-use protocol (direct inoculation without any rehydration step).

Beyond bio-deacidification, LALVIN VP41[™] is used for tis sensory contribution to fruity aroma. Lalvin VP41[™] is a very low diacetyl producer because of its very late and very slow degradation of citric acid.



LALVIN VP41™ is a bio-protection tool to protect wines against *Brettanomyces* when inoculated as soon as possible to prevent the excessive development of the spoilage yeast.

PROPERTIES

- pH tolerance: > 3.1
- Alcohol tolerance: up to 16 % vol.
- SO₂ tolerance: up to 60 mg/L total SO₂ (pay attention to molecular SO₂ at low pH)
- T° tolerance: > 16°C
- · Low nutritional demand
- Good implantation

- · MLF kinetic: fast
- · Low volatile acidity production
- Bacteria cinnamoyl esterase negative: cannot produce precursors for ethylphenol production by *Brettanomyces*
- No production of biogenic amines



INSTRUCTIONS FOR OENOLOGICAL USE

Use one sachet for right quantity of hL indicated on label. Lowering the dosage or doing cross seeding or pitching methods will reduce the bacteria performance.

Sequential inoculation (post-alcoholic fermentation)

Bacteria inoculation: two options

- Direct inoculation without rehydration: open the sachet and add the bacteria directly into the wine after the end of alcoholic fermentation at the top of the tank or while emptying the tank.
- Direct inoculation with rehydration step: for best distribution, you can rehydrate the packet of freeze-dried selected wine bacteria in 20 times its weight of clean chlorine free water at 20°C for a maximum 15 minutes. Add this suspension directly to the wine towards the end of the alcoholic fermentation.
 - Stir gently to evenly distribute the selected wine bacteria and minimize the oxygen pickup.
 - Under more difficult conditions, add a specific bacteria nutrient.
 - Monitor malolactic fermentation activity (malic acid degradation) every 2 to 4 days.
 - Stabilize wine once malolactic fermentation (MLF) is finished.

Recommended temperatures:

- White wine / rosé wine: 16 to 20°C.
- Red wine: 17 to 25°C.

If limiting conditions (high alcohol > 14.5 vol, or high $SO_2 > 45$ ppm): from 18 to 22°C.

PACKAGING & STORAGE

- Product in powder form obtained by lyophilization.
- Available in different dosages for 2.5 hL (66 US gal.), for 25 hL (660 US gal.), for 100hL (2,640 US gal.), for 250 hL (6,600 US gal.)
- Once opened, lactic acid bacteria sachet must be used immediately.
- This product can be stored for 18 months at 4° C/ 40° F or 36 months at -18° C/ 0° F in original sealed packaging.
- Sealed packets can be delivered and stored for 3 weeks at ambient temperature (<25°C/77°F) without significant loss of viability.

Distributed by:



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The information in this document is correct to the best of our knowledge. However, this data sheet should not be considered to be an express guarantee, nor does it have implications as to the sales condition of this product. March 2024 (Scott Laboratories).















